## A 10 POINTS

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1. (2 points) The following fragment of code was intended to be part of a telephone service provider (like BSNL). Initially, the exchange checks if the receiver of the call is busy, and if so must play a hold tone for the caller and retry the same process after playing it. The hold tone should be played for at most 5 minutes. If receiver is not busy, the caller should be connected to the receiver and the program terminates after disconnection.

The is_busy function takes a user as parameter and returns whether they are busy currently or not. The play function takes the name of a user, plays the hold tone for one minute to them, and returns. The connect function takes two users as parameters, connects them if they are not busy, and returns when the call is disconnected. Identify the errors. Write the correct code.

```
hold_played = 0
while True:
    if hold_played >= 5:
        break
    if is_busy(callee):
            play_hold_tone(callee)
    connect(caller, callee)
    hold_played = hold_played + 1
```

2. (1 point) Consider the following fuction:
```
def foo(x, y):
    if x:
        if y:
                print("a")
        else:
            print("b")
    elif not y:
        print("c")
    elif not x:
        print("d")
    else:
        print("e")
```

What should be the value of x and y to print the following? If it is not possible to print it, state and explain why.

- a
- b
- c
- d
- e

3. (2 points) Write a function that takes a list of integers and a function on integers and returns the element in the list that maximizes the function. For example, if the list is $[-1,1,-10,5]$ and the function is abs, then the function should return -10 . For the empty list, the function should return None.
4. (1 point) Explain why the following two fragments of code are not equivalent ( x and y are some Boolean values). Write a fragment of code equivalent to the first one without using nested if (or other nested blocks).
```
if x:
        print("a")
    else:
        print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

    if \(y: \quad\) if \(x\) and \(y:\)
    ```
    print("a")
if not y:
    print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

5. (2 points) For each of the following lines, write whether the condition is True, False, or an Error in Python.
```
10 > 12.1
"1234" > "234"
22 > "33"
"123456789"[3:7] < "522"
1 == 0 and 1/0 > 1
1 != 0 and 1/0 > 1
1 == 0 or 1/0 > 1
1 != 0 or 1/0 > 1
```

6. (2 points) List all possible outputs for this program along with the conditions on integers $x$ and $y$ that leads to that output. Each possible output should occur exactly once in your list. For example, "a" is printed exactly when $x \in[11, \infty]$ and $y \in[-\infty, 5]$.
```
if x > 10:
    if y < 6:
        print("a")
    elif x < 12:
        print("b")
    else:
        print("c")
elif y > 1:
    if x > 5:
        print("d")
    if y > 3:
        print("e")
else:
    print("e")
```

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```
hold_played = 0
while True:
    if hold_played >= 5:
        break
    if is_busy(callee):
            play_hold_tone(callee)
        connect(caller, callee)
        hold_played = hold_played + 1
```

2. (2 points) For each of the following lines, write whether the condition is True, False, or an Error in Python.
$10>12.1$
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"123456789"[3:7] < "522"
$1==0$ and $1 / 0>1$
$1!=0$ and $1 / 0>1$
$1=0$ or $1 / 0>1$
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3. (2 points) List all possible outputs for this program along with the conditions on integers x and y that leads to that output. Each possible output should occur exactly once in your list. For example, " a " is printed exactly when $x \in[11, \infty]$ and $y \in[-\infty, 5]$.
```
if x > 10:
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        print("b")
    else:
        print("c")
elif y > 1:
    if x > 5:
        print("d")
    if y > 3:
        print("e")
else:
    print("e")
```

4. (1 point) Consider the following fuction:
```
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        if y:
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    elif not y:
        print("c")
    elif not x:
        print("d")
    else:
        print("e")
```

What should be the value of x and y to print the following? If it is not possible to print it, state and explain why.

- a
- b
- c
- d
- e

5. (2 points) Write a function that takes a list of integers and a function on integers and returns the element in the list that maximizes the function. For example, if the list is $[-1,1,-10,5]$ and the function is abs, then the function should return -10 . For the empty list, the function should return None.
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```
if x:
    if y:
        print("a")
    else:
        print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

```
if }x\mathrm{ and y:
    print("a")
if not y:
    print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

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1. (1 point) Consider the following fuction:
```
def foo(x, y):
    if x:
        if y:
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        else:
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    elif not y:
        print("c")
    elif not x:
        print("d")
    else:
        print("e")
```

What should be the value of $x$ and $y$ to print the following? If it is not possible to print it, state and explain why.

- a
- b
- c
- d
- e

2. (2 points) Write a function that takes a list of integers and a function on integers and returns the element in the list that maximizes the function. For example, if the list is $[-1,1,-10,5]$ and the function is abs, then the function should return -10 . For the empty list, the function should return None.
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```
if x:
    if y:
        print("a")
    else:
        print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

```
if }x\mathrm{ and }y\mathrm{ :
    print("a")
if not y:
    print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

5. (2 points) List all possible outputs for this program along with the conditions on integers x and y that leads to that output. Each possible output should occur exactly once in your list. For example, "a" is printed exactly when $x \in[11, \infty]$ and $y \in[-\infty, 5]$.
```
if x > 10:
    if y<6:
        print("a")
    elif x < 12:
        print("b")
    else:
        print("c")
elif y > 1:
    if x > 5:
        print("d")
    if y > 3:
        print("e")
else:
    print("e")
```

6. (2 points) The following fragment of code was intended to be part of a telephone service provider (like BSNL). Initially, the exchange checks if the receiver of the call is busy, and if so must play a hold tone for the caller and retry the same process after playing it. The hold tone should be played for at most 5 minutes. If receiver is not busy, the caller should be connected to the receiver and the program terminates after disconnection.
The is_busy function takes a user as parameter and returns whether they are busy currently or not. The play function takes the name of a user, plays the hold tone for one minute to them, and returns. The connect function takes two users as parameters, connects them if they are not busy, and returns when the call is disconnected. Identify the errors. Write the correct code.
```
hold_played = 0
while True:
    if hold_played >= 5:
        break
    if is_busy(callee):
        play_hold_tone(callee)
    connect(caller, callee)
    hold_played = hold_played + 1
```

4. (2 points) For each of the following lines, write whether the condition is True, False, or an Error in Python.
```
10> 12.1
"1234" > "234"
22 > "33"
"123456789"[3:7] < "522"
1 == 0 and 1/0 > 1
1 != 0 and 1/0 > 1
1 == 0 or 1/0 > 1
1 != 0 or 1/0 > 1
```


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1. (2 points) List all possible outputs for this program along with the conditions on integers x and y that leads to that output. Each possible output should occur exactly once in your list. For example, "a" is printed exactly when $x \in[11, \infty]$ and $y \in[-\infty, 5]$.
```
if x > 10:
    if y < 6:
        print("a")
    elif x < 12:
        print("b")
    else:
        print("c")
elif y > 1:
    if x > 5:
        print("d")
    if y > 3:
        print("e")
else:
    print("e")
```

2. (1 point) Consider the following fuction:
```
def foo(x, y):
    if x:
        if y:
                print("a")
        else:
            print("b")
    elif not y:
        print("c")
    elif not x:
        print("d")
    else:
        print("e")
```

What should be the value of x and y to print the following?
If it is not possible to print it, state and explain why.

- a
- b
- c
- d
- e

3. (2 points) The following fragment of code was intended to be part of a telephone service provider (like BSNL). Initially, the exchange checks if the receiver of the call is busy, and if so must play a hold tone for the caller and retry the same process after playing it. The hold tone should be played for at most 5 minutes. If receiver is not busy, the caller should be connected to the receiver and the program terminates after disconnection.

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parameters, connects them if they are not busy, and returns when the call is disconnected. Identify the errors. Write the correct code.

```
hold_played = 0
while True:
    if hold_played >= 5:
        break
    if is_busy(callee):
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    connect(caller, callee)
    hold_played = hold_played + 1
```

4. (2 points) Write a function that takes a list of integers and a function on integers and returns the element in the list that maximizes the function. For example, if the list is $[-1,1,-10,5]$ and the function is abs, then the function should return -10 . For the empty list, the function should return None.
5. (1 point) Explain why the following two fragments of code are not equivalent ( x and y are some Boolean values). Write a fragment of code equivalent to the first one without using nested if (or other nested blocks).
```
if x:
    if y: if x and y:
        print("a") print("a")
    else: if not y:
        print("b") print("b")
else:
    print("c")
else:
    print("c")
```

6. (2 points) For each of the following lines, write whether the condition is True, False, or an Error in Python.
$10>12.1$
"1234" > "234"
$22>{ }^{2} 33 "$
"123456789"[3:7] < "522"
$1=0$ and $1 / 0>1$
1 ! $=0$ and $1 / 0>1$
$1=0$ or $1 / 0>1$ 1 ! = or $1 / 0>1$

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1. (2 points) For each of the following lines, write whether the condition is True, False, or an Error in Python.
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1 == 0 and 1/0 > 1
1 != 0 and 1/0 > 1
1 == 0 or 1/0 > 1
1 != 0 or 1/0 > 1
```

2. (1 point) Consider the following fuction:
```
def foo(x, y):
    if x:
        if y:
            print("a")
        else:
            print("b")
        elif not y:
        print("c")
    elif not x:
        print("d")
    else:
        print("e")
```

What should be the value of x and y to print the following? If it is not possible to print it, state and explain why.

- a
- b
- C
- d
- e

3. (2 points) Write a function that takes a list of integers and a function on integers and returns the element in the list that maximizes the function. For example, if the list is $[-1,1,-10,5]$ and the function is abs, then the function should return -10 . For the empty list, the function should return None.
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if x > 10:
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        break
    if is_busy(callee):
        play_hold_tone(callee)
    connect(caller, callee)
    hold_played = hold_played + 1
```

```
if x:
    if y:
        print("a")
    else:
        print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

```
if x and y:
    print("a")
if not y:
    print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```


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1. (2 points) The following fragment of code was intended to be part of a telephone service provider (like BSNL). Initially, the exchange checks if the receiver of the call is busy, and if so must play a hold tone for the caller and retry the same process after playing it. The hold tone should be played for at most 5 minutes. If receiver is not busy, the caller should be connected to the receiver and the program terminates after disconnection.

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2. (2 points) List all possible outputs for this program along with the conditions on integers $x$ and $y$ that leads to that output. Each possible output should occur exactly once in your list. For example, "a" is printed exactly when $x \in[11, \infty]$ and $y \in[-\infty, 5]$.

```
```

if x > 10:

```
```

if x > 10:

```
```

if x > 10:
if y<6:
if y<6:
if y<6:
print("a")
print("a")
print("a")
elif x < 12:
elif x < 12:
elif x < 12:
lif x < 12:
lif x < 12:
lif x < 12:
else:
else:
else:
print("c")
print("c")
print("c")
elif y > 1:
elif y > 1:
elif y > 1:
if x > 5:
if x > 5:
if x > 5:
print("d")
print("d")
print("d")
if y > 3:
if y > 3:
if y > 3:
print("e")
print("e")
print("e")
else:
else:
else:
print("e")

```
```

    print("e")
    ```
```

    print("e")
    ```
```

```
hold_played = 0
```

hold_played = 0
while True:
while True:
if hold_played >= 5:
if hold_played >= 5:
break
break
if is_busy(callee):
if is_busy(callee):
play_hold_tone(callee)
play_hold_tone(callee)
connect(caller, callee)
connect(caller, callee)
hold_played = hold_played + 1

```
    hold_played = hold_played + 1
```

        and \(y \in[-\infty, 5]\).
    ```
    print("e")
```

```
def foo(x, y):
    if x:
            if y:
                print("a")
            else:
                print("b")
    elif not y:
        print("c")
    elif not x:
        print("d")
    else:
        print("e")
```

What should be the value of x and y to print the following? If it is not possible to print it, state and explain why.

- a
- b
- c
- d
- e

4. (2 points) For each of the following lines, write whether the condition is True, False, or an Error in Python.
$10>12.1$
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6. (1 point) Explain why the following two fragments of code are not equivalent ( x and y are some Boolean values). Write a fragment of code equivalent to the first one without using nested if (or other nested blocks).
```
if x:
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    else:
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else:
    print("c")
```

```
```

if }x\mathrm{ and y:

```
```

if }x\mathrm{ and y:
print("a")
print("a")
if not y:
if not y:
print("b")
print("b")
else:
else:
print("c")

```
```

    print("c")
    ```
```

3. (1 point) Consider the following fuction:

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1. (1 point) Explain why the following two fragments of code are not equivalent ( x and y are some Boolean values). Write a fragment of code equivalent to the first one without using nested if (or other nested blocks).
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        print("a")
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        print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

```
if }x\mathrm{ and y:
    print("a")
if not y:
    print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

2. (2 points) List all possible outputs for this program along with the conditions on integers x and y that leads to that output. Each possible output should occur exactly once in your list. For example, "a" is printed exactly when $x \in[11, \infty]$ and $y \in[-\infty, 5]$.
```
if x > 10:
    if y < 6:
        print("a")
    elif x < 12:
        print("b")
    else:
        print("c")
elif y > 1:
    if x > 5:
        print("d")
    if y > 3:
        print("e")
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```
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4. (2 points) Write a function that takes a list of integers and a function on integers and returns the element in the list that maximizes the function. For example, if the list is $[-1,1,-10,5]$ and the function is abs, then the function should return -10 . For the empty list, the function should return None.
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```
hold_played = 0
while True:
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    if is_busy(callee):
        play_hold_tone(callee)
    connect(caller, callee)
    hold_played = hold_played + 1
```

6. (1 point) Consider the following fuction:
```
def foo(x, y):
    if x:
        if y:
                print("a")
        else:
            print("b")
    elif not y:
        print("c")
    elif not x:
        print("d")
    else:
        print("e")
```

What should be the value of $x$ and $y$ to print the following? If it is not possible to print it, state and explain why.

- a
- b
- c
- d
- e


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1. (2 points) Write a function that takes a list of integers and a function on integers and returns the element in the list that maximizes the function. For example, if the list is $[-1,1,-10,5]$ and the function is abs, then the function should return -10 . For the empty list, the function should return None.
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1 == 0 or 1/0 > 1
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```

3. (2 points) List all possible outputs for this program along with the conditions on integers x and y that leads to that output. Each possible output should occur exactly once in your list. For example, "a" is printed exactly when $x \in[11, \infty]$ and $y \in[-\infty, 5]$.
```
if x > 10:
    if y< 6:
        print("a")
    elif x < 12:
        print("b")
    else:
        print("c")
elif y > 1:
    if x > 5:
        print("d")
    if y > 3:
        print("e")
else:
    print("e")
```

4. (1 point) Consider the following fuction:
```
def foo(x, y):
    if x:
        if y:
            print("a")
        else:
            print("b")
    elif not y:
        print("c")
    elif not x:
        print("d")
    else:
        print("e")
```

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- a
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```
if x:
    if y:
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else:
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```

```
if }x\mathrm{ and y:
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if not y:
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```
hold_played = 0
while True:
    if hold_played >= 5:
        break
    if is_busy(callee):
        play_hold_tone(callee)
    connect(caller, callee)
    hold_played = hold_played + 1
```


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1. (2 points) Write a function that takes a list of integers and a function on integers and returns the element in the list that maximizes the function. For example, if the list is $[-1,1,-10,5]$ and the function is abs, then the function should return -10 . For the empty list, the function should return None.
2. (1 point) Consider the following fuction:
```
def foo(x, y):
    if x:
        if y:
                print("a")
        else:
            print("b")
    elif not y:
        print("c")
    elif not x:
        print("d")
    else:
        print("e")
```

What should be the value of $x$ and $y$ to print the following? If it is not possible to print it, state and explain why.

- a
- b
- c
- d
- e

3. (2 points) The following fragment of code was intended to be part of a telephone service provider (like BSNL). Initially, the exchange checks if the receiver of the call is busy, and if so must play a hold tone for the caller and retry the same process after playing it. The hold tone should be played for at most 5 minutes. If receiver is not busy, the caller should be connected to the receiver and the program terminates after disconnection.
The is_busy function takes a user as parameter and returns whether they are busy currently or not. The play function takes the name of a user, plays the hold tone for one minute to them, and returns. The connect function takes two users as parameters, connects them if they are not busy, and returns when the call is disconnected. Identify the errors. Write the correct code.
4. (1 point) Explain why the following two fragments of code are not equivalent ( x and y are some Boolean values). Write a fragment of code equivalent to the first one without using nested if (or other nested blocks).
```
if x:
        print("a")
    else:
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else:
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```

    if \(y: \quad\) if \(x\) and \(y:\)
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    print("a")
if not y:
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```

5. (2 points) For each of the following lines, write whether the condition is True, False, or an Error in Python.
```
10 > 12.1
"1234" > "234"
22 > "33"
"123456789"[3:7] < "522"
1 == 0 and 1/0 > 1
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6. (2 points) List all possible outputs for this program along with the conditions on integers $x$ and $y$ that leads to that output. Each possible output should occur exactly once in your list. For example, "a" is printed exactly when $x \in[11, \infty]$ and $y \in[-\infty, 5]$.
```
if x > 10:
    if y < 6:
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    elif x < 12:
        print("b")
    else:
        print("c")
elif y > 1:
    if x > 5:
        print("d")
    if y > 3:
        print("e")
else:
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```

```
hold_played = 0
while True:
    if hold_played >= 5:
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    if is_busy(callee):
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    connect(caller, callee)
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        print("e")
else:
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```
def foo(x, y):
    if x:
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            else:
                print("b")
    elif not y:
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    elif not x:
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if x:
    if y:
        print("a")
    else:
        print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

```
if x and y:
    print("a")
if not y:
    print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

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if x > 10:
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## if $x$ :

    if \(y: \quad\) if \(x\) and \(y:\)
        print("a")
    else:
        print("b")
    else:
print("c")

```
    print("a")
if not y:
    print("b")
else:
    print("c")
```

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