Machine Learning Quiz - Set 1

Total Marks: 18

Instructions:

- Answer all questions. Show work for subjective questions.
- MCQ: Circle correct option. Subjective: Provide detailed solutions.
- MCQ (7 marks) + Subjective (11 marks) = 18 marks

Multiple Choice Questions

Q1 [3 marks]

Given the confusion matrix below for a binary classification problem:

	Predicted 0 Predicted 1		
Actual 0	85	15	
Actual 1	10	90	

What is the precision of the classifier?

(**A**) 0.875

(D) 0.857

(B) 0.95

(E) 0.90

(C) 0.825

(F) 0.85

 $\mathbf{Q2}$

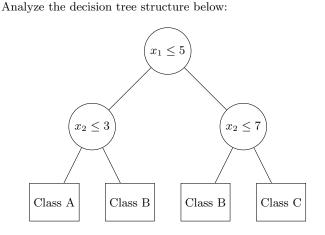
[2 marks]

Which of the following best describes the bias-variance tradeoff in machine learning?

- (A) Variance only matters in unsupervised learning
- (B) Bias and variance are independent and don't affect each other
- (C) Reducing bias typically increases variance, and vice versa
- (D) Bias and variance can both be minimized simultaneously without any tradeoff
- (E) High bias models always perform better than high variance models

 $\mathbf{Q4}$

[6 marks]



- a) What is the maximum depth of this tree? [1 mark]
- **b)** Calculate the Gini impurity for a node with class distribution: Class A: 40 samples, Class B: 30 samples, Class C: 10 samples. [3 marks]
- c) Explain why pruning might be beneficial for this tree. [2 marks]

 $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{5}}$

[5 marks]

Consider the following dataset for linear regression:

Sample	Feature 1	Feature 2	Target
1	1	2	6
2	3	1	7
3	2	3	9
4	4	2	10

- a) Calculate the mean squared error (MSE) if the model predicts $\hat{y} = 5.9, 7.1, 8.8, 9.9$ respectively. [3 marks]
- b) If we use L2 regularization with $\lambda = 0.05$, write the complete loss function. [2 marks]

[2 marks]

In a decision tree, which impurity measure is most commonly used for classification tasks?

- (A) Gini Impurity
- (D) Cross-entropy
- (B) Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
- (E) Pearson correlation
- (C) R-squared
- (F) Mean Squared Error (MSE)